

CHAPTER 71

THE RESETTLEMENT OF OFFENDERS ACT

[PRINCIPAL LEGISLATION]

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Section Title

1. Short title.
2. Interpretation.
3. Establishment of resettlement centres.
4. Resettlement order.
5. Resettlement order on recommendation of Commissioner responsible for social welfare.
6. Resettlement order where person ordered to give security for good behavior.
7. Effect of appeal.
8. Resettlement orders in respect of deportees and persons practicing witchcraft.
9. Operation of resettlement order.
10. Contents of resettlement order.
11. Warrant of arrest.
12. Settlers to be given free transport.
13. Failure to comply with resettlement order.
14. Resettlement centres.
15. Review of resettlement orders.
16. Repealed.
17. Offences.
18. Regulations.
19. Directions by officers-in-charge.
20. Protection of *bona fide* act.

©2025 Government of Tanzania. All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or distributed without permission of OAG.



CHAPTER 71

THE RESETTLEMENT OF OFFENDERS ACT

An Act to provide for resettlement of certain offenders and habitual offenders and for related matters.

[7th February, 1969]

Acts Nos.
8 of 1969
12 of 1998

- Short title **1.** This Act may be cited as the Resettlement of Offenders Act.
- Interpretation **2.** In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires-
- Act No.
12 of 1998 Sch.
- “dependant” means the wife or husband of a settler or his child under the apparent age of 14 years or any other person in respect of whom the officer-in-charge is satisfied that such person is fully dependent upon the settler;
- “habitual offender” means a person of not less than twenty-five years who, after attaining the age of eighteen, has on three or more occasions been convicted of any crime of moral turpitude for which he was, on each occasions, sentenced to imprisonment for a term of three years or more and who has now been sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than three years upon conviction of another offence of moral turpitude;
- “Minister” means the Minister responsible for home affairs;
- “officer-in-charge” means any person appointed by the Minister to be the officer-in-charge or an assistant officer-in-charge of a resettlement centre;
- “resettlement centre” means any place or area designated by the Minister to be a resettlement centre under section 3;
- “resettlement order” means an order made by the Minister under the provisions of sections 4, 5, 6, or 8;
- “scheduled offence” means any offence specified in the Schedule to this Act;

“settler” means any person in respect of whom a resettlement order is made under sections 4, 5, 6 or 8.

Establishment
of resettlement
centres

3. The Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, designate any place or area to be a resettlement centre for the purposes of this Act.

Resettlement
order
Act No.
12 of 1998 Sch.

4.-(1) Where any person has been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction of a scheduled offence, the Minister may make a resettlement order in writing and signed by him in respect of such person.

(2) A resettlement order under this section shall not be made-

- (a) in respect of a person who has been convicted of a scheduled offence and sentenced to imprisonment for such offence, after the expiration of thirty days from the date on which the sentence of imprisonment is determined either by effluxion of time or otherwise;
- (b) in respect of a person who has been convicted of a scheduled offence and has not been sentenced to imprisonment, after the expiration of thirty days from the date of conviction.

(3) It shall not be lawful for any person to whom a resettlement order has been issued and which has not been renewed to remain in any part specified in the resettlement order after expiry of two years.

Resettlement
order on
recommendation
of Commissioner
responsible for
social welfare

5.-(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4, the Minister may make a resettlement order in respect of any person convicted of any offence punishable with imprisonment for a term of two years or more, whether or not the offence is a scheduled offence, where the Commissioner responsible for social welfare recommends that such order be made.

(2) An order under this section shall not be made after the expiration of thirty days from the date of conviction of the person concerned, or, if such person has been sentenced to imprisonment, after thirty days from the date on which the

sentence of imprisonment is determined either by affluxion of time or otherwise.

Resettlement order where person ordered to give security for good behavior
Cap. 20

6.—(1) Where any person is ordered to give security for good behaviour under the provisions of sections 74 and 81 of the Criminal Procedure Act, the Minister may make a resettlement order in respect of such a person.

(2) An order under this section shall not be made after the expiration of thirty days from the date of the order under section 81 of the Criminal Procedure Act.

Effect of appeal

7.—(1) Where a resettlement order is made in respect of any person under sections 4, 5 or 6 and the conviction or order pursuant to which the resettlement order is made is set aside on appeal, the resettlement order shall cease to have effect.

(2) A resettlement order shall not cease to have effect by reason only of the conviction being set aside if the court determining the appeal, substitutes for such conviction, a conviction for some other scheduled offence or, in the case of an order made under section 5, an offence punishable with imprisonment for two years or more.

Resettlement orders in respect of deportees and persons practicing witchcraft
Cap. 380
Cap. 18

8. Where a deportation order under the provisions of the Deportation Act has been made in respect of any person, and such deportation order is subsisting, or, where an order has been made against any person under section 8 of the Witchcraft Act requiring such person to reside within any specified area, and such order is subsisting, the Minister may make a resettlement order in respect of such person and upon a resettlement order being so made, the deportation order or the order made under section 8 of the Witchcraft Act, as the case may be, shall cease to have effect and shall be deemed to have been rescinded.

Operation of resettlement order

9. A resettlement order shall take effect—

- (a) where the person in respect of whom it is made is serving a sentence of imprisonment for any offence or

is lawfully detained, upon the determination of such sentence, whether by effluxion of time or otherwise or upon his discharge from detention, as the case may be;

- (b) in any other case, immediately upon service of a copy of the order on the person in respect of whom it is made or if the order is expressed to take effect upon any date specified therein, upon such date, whichever is the later.

Contents of
resettlement
order

10. A resettlement order shall specify-

- (a) the name and address of the person in respect of whom it is made;
- (b) the reason for which the order is made;
- (c) the resettlement centre at which such person shall report;
- (d) the route by which such person shall travel to the resettlement centre; and
- (e) any other matter which may be prescribed.

Warrant of arrest

11. Where the Minister has made a resettlement order in respect of any person and he is of the opinion that such person may not comply with the order, he may apply to a resident magistrate within whose jurisdiction such person resides or is detained, for a warrant of arrest and upon such application being made, the resident magistrate shall issue a warrant for the arrest of such person and for his detention in custody pending his transportation to the resettlement centre specified in the order.

Settlers to
be given free
transport

12. Every person in respect of whom a resettlement order is made shall be provided with free transport from his residence or the prison where he is detained to the resettlement centre.

Failure to comply
with resettlement
order

13.-(1) A person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with any of the terms of a resettlement order, commits an offence and on conviction shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

(2) Conviction for an offence under subsection (1) shall not in any way affect the validity of the resettlement order and where the person convicted is sentenced to imprisonment, the resettlement order shall take effect upon determination of his sentence either by effluxion of time or otherwise.

Resettlement centres

14.-(1) The Minister shall appoint an officer-in-charge for every resettlement centre and may appoint such number of assistant officers-in-charge as he may consider necessary.

(2) A settler who absents himself from a resettlement centre without the written authority of the officer-in-charge, commits an offence.

Review of resettlement orders

15. The Minister-

(a) may, at any time during which a resettlement order made against any person is subsisting, on the application of such person or of the officer-in-charge; and

(b) shall, at least once in every year during which such order is subsisting, or at any time upon being requested by the Commissioner responsible for social welfare so to do,

review the order made and may, after taking into consideration the conduct of the settler and such other circumstances as he may consider relevant, rescind the order.

Repealed

16. [Repealed by Act No. 12 of 1998 Sch.]

Offences

17.-(1) A person who commits an offence under this Act or under any regulations made thereunder, shall, unless some other penalty has been prescribed, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(2) All offences under this Act or under regulations made thereunder are hereby declared to be cognizable offences.

Regulations

18. The Minister may make Regulations for the better carrying out of the provisions and purposes of this Act and, without

prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations-

- (a) prescribing forms of orders and applications to be made under this Act;
- (b) providing for the organisation, safety, discipline and administration of resettlement centres;
- (c) providing for the reception, treatment, health and well-being of settlers;
- (d) providing for the powers of officers-in-charge including powers of arrest of any settler committing any offence under this Act;
- (e) providing for the remuneration of settlers employed in any project or enterprise at a resettlement centre, and for the free supply of clothing and suitable diet in lieu of, or in addition to such remuneration;
- (f) providing for residence at resettlement centres of the dependants of the settlers;
- (g) providing for the settlers to go on leave of absence;
- (h) providing for the hours, mode and kind of labour and employment of settlers; and
- (i) prescribing anything which, under the provisions of this Act, may be prescribed.

Directions by
officers-in-charge

19.-(1) An officer-in-charge of a resettlement centre may give such orders or directions either orally or in writing to any settler or his dependant residing with him at the resettlement centre, as may be necessary or expedient for the following purposes that is to say-

- (a) to ensure that the resettlement centre is administered in an orderly and efficient manner;
- (b) to ensure the performance of any work or duty by the settler;
- (c) to ensure that all proper precautions are taken to preserve the health and well-being of the settlers and their dependants residing at the resettlement centre; and

(d) to preserve orderly conduct and discipline in the resettlement centre.

(2) A person who disobeys any order or direction given by the officer-in-charge commits an offence and on conviction, shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

Protection of
bona fide act

20. An act or thing done or omitted to be done by any person shall not, if the act or omission was done or omitted *bona fide* while acting in the execution of duty under this Act, subject him personally to any liability, action, claim or demand whatsoever.

SCHEDULE

(Made under section 2)

Cap. 90

1. Any offence which is a scheduled offence under the provisions of the Minimum Sentences Act.

Cap. 18

2. Any offence under the Witchcraft Act.
